

CLAIMS

1. An electronic detonator comprising an ignition
5 charge, a battery unit for emitting igniter current for
initiating the ignition charge, and an electronic circuit
for controlling said emission of igniter current, the
battery unit being movable in the detonator between a
resting position and an activated position, in which the
10 battery unit is connected for emitting said igniter current,
and battery activating means being provided, in response
to external activation, for pyrotechnically causing
the battery unit to move from the resting position to
the activated position.
- 15 2. A detonator as claimed in claim 1, wherein said
battery activating means comprise a pyrotechnic ignition
tube which is connected to the detonator.
3. A detonator as claimed in claim 1 or 2, wherein
said battery activating means comprise a drive charge for
20 the battery unit, the drive charge being arranged in the
detonator.
4. A detonator as claimed in claims 2 and 3, wherein
the ignition tube is connected for initiating said drive
charge.
- 25 5. A detonator as claimed in claim 3 or 4, wherein
the drive charge is arranged in a drive chamber, to which
an actuation part of the battery unit is exposed to be
acted upon so as to cause movement by means of a driving
pressure which is generated in the drive chamber by the
30 drive charge.
6. A detonator as claimed in claims 4 and 5, wherein
a non-return valve is arranged at an ignition tube connection
to the drive chamber in order to prevent driving
pressure generated in the drive chamber from being discharged
35 via the ignition tube.
7. A detonator as claimed in any one of the preceding
claims, wherein the battery unit has the shape of a

plunger or piston and is arranged in a corresponding bore in the detonator.

8. A detonator as claimed in claim 7, wherein the bore is arranged in a tubular element which is dimensionally stable and resistant to mechanical action and which has a longitudinal extension preferably essentially corresponding to a longitudinal extension of the detonator.

9. A detonator as claimed in claim 8, wherein the drive chamber is arranged in a tubular element extension aligned with said bore.

10. A detonator as claimed in claim 8 or 9, wherein the walls of the tubular element and the drive chamber are formed as a pressure vessel in order to resist a predetermined driving pressure.

11. A detonator as claimed in any one of claims 7-10, wherein the bore in the detonator is formed in such a manner that, when the battery unit is in its activated position, a free space remains in front of the battery unit, in which gas pushed forward by the battery unit can be compressed.

12. A detonator as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, wherein the battery unit is movable from its resting position to its activated position against the action of a frictional force.

13. A detonator as claimed in claim 11 or 12, wherein the frictional force is adapted to increase after the battery unit has moved an initial distance from the resting position.

14. A detonator as claimed in any one of claims 11-13, wherein the frictional force is adapted to successively increase to stop the motion of the battery unit at the end of the motion process.

15. A detonator as claimed in claim 7 and any one of claims 11-14, comprising friction generating elements on the bore wall and/or the bore facing surface of the battery unit.

16. A detonator as claimed in claim 15, wherein said friction generating elements comprise projections on the bore wall for engaging with the bore facing surface of the battery unit.

5 17. A detonator as claimed in claim 16, wherein the projections comprise rib elements which preferably extend parallel to the direction of motion of the battery unit.

18. A detonator as claimed in claim 16 or 17, wherein the height of the projections from the bore wall is increased at the battery unit activating end of the bore.

19. A detonator as claimed in any one of claims 15-18, wherein the motion-counteracting frictional force is adapted to prevent motion of the battery unit to the activated position in connection with action due to acceleration in the direction of motion, at least up to a predetermined level.

20. A detonator as claimed in claim 7 and any one of the other claims, wherein the battery unit has at least one contact terminal which in a non-activated position of the battery unit is coated with insulation and which in the activated position of the battery unit is adapted to be penetrated by a co-operating contacting means in the detonator.

21. A detonator as claimed in claim 20, wherein a contact terminal which is coated with insulation is arranged on the bore side of the battery unit and wherein a co-operating contacting means is arranged protruding in the bore, so that when the battery unit is in the activated position, the contacting means penetrates the insulation of the contact terminal and is in contact with the contact terminal.

22. A detonator as claimed in claim 20 and any one of claims 15-19, wherein said contacting means is included in said friction generating element.

23. A detonator as claimed in any one of claims 20-22, wherein the battery unit on its front end side is

provided with a contact terminal which is coated with insulation and which is adapted to be contacted, when the battery unit is in its activated position, by a contact pin which penetrates the insulation and is arranged in the bore.

24. A detonator as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, further comprising a contact arrangement in a line circuit for emitting igniter current from the battery unit, the contact arrangement being open in a state of rest and closed in an activated state, the contact arrangement being adapted to be moved from the state of rest to the activated state in response to the pyrotechnic activation.

25. A detonator as claimed in claim 24, wherein the direction of motion of the battery unit from the resting position to the activated position and a direction of motion of the contact arrangement when passing from an open to a closed state are substantially separated, preferably at least essentially opposite or essentially orthogonal.

26. A detonator as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, wherein the motion of the battery unit from the resting position to the activated position occurs towards the ignition charge, the distance of motion being preferably at least about 1 cm.

27. A detonator as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, wherein the battery unit, in its resting position, is encapsulated in an insulated fashion.